UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

BUILDING SERVICE 32BJ HEALTH FUND, BUILDING SERVICE 32BJ LEGAL SERVICES FUND, BUILDING SERVICE 32BJ SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT AND SAVINGS PLAN,

Plaintiffs,

-against-

RED COATS, INC., RED COATS, INC. d/b/a ADMIRAL SECURITY SERVICES, RED COATS, INC. d/b/a CAVALIER SERVICES INC.,

Defendant.

ANALISA TORRES, District Judge:

USDC SDNY
DOCUMENT
ELECTRONICALLY FILED
DOC #:
DATE FILED: 7/12/2021

21 Civ. 5557 (AT) (DCF)

ORDER

To conserve resources, to promote judicial efficiency, and in an effort to achieve a faster disposition of this matter, it is hereby ORDERED that the parties discuss whether they are willing to consent, under 28 U.S.C. § 636(c), to conducting all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge.

If all parties consent to proceed before the Magistrate Judge, counsel for Defendant shall, by August 24, 2021, e-mail a fully executed Notice, Consent, and Reference of a Civil Action to a Magistrate Judge form, available at https://nysd.uscourts.gov/node/754 and attached to this order, to Orders_and_Judgments@nysd.uscourts.gov. If the Court approves that form, all further proceedings will then be conducted before the assigned Magistrate Judge rather than before me. An information sheet on proceedings before magistrate judges is also attached to this order. Any appeal would be taken directly to the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit, as it would be if the consent form were not signed and so ordered.

If any party does not consent to conducting all further proceedings before the assigned Magistrate Judge, the parties must file a joint letter, by **August 24, 2021**, advising the Court that the parties do not consent, **but without disclosing the identity of the party or parties who do not consent.** The parties are free to withhold consent without negative consequences.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: July 12, 2021

New York, New York

ANALISA TORRES United States District Judge

STATES DISTRICT COURT for the District of	
) (Civil Action No.	
ERENCE OF A CIVIL ACTION TO A MAGIST bility. A United States magistrate judge of this count y or nonjury trial) and to order the entry of a final judge court of appeals like any other judgment of this court	t is available to conduct all gment. The judgment may
ferred to a magistrate judge, or you may withhold yo arty withholding consent will not be revealed to any	judge who may otherwise
ority. The following parties consent to have a Unit g trial, the entry of final judgment, and all post-trial	
Signatures of parties or attorneys	Dates
Reference Order	
nice with 28 U.S.C. § 636(c) and Fed. R. Civ. P. 73	5.
District Judge's sign	
	for the

Note: Return this form to the clerk of court only if you are consenting to the exercise of jurisdiction by a United States magistrate judge. Do not return this form to a judge.



UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGES: REFERRALS AND CONSENTS

All cases in the Southern District of New York are assigned to two judges: a district judge and a magistrate judge. District judges are appointed for life terms by the President. Magistrate judges are selected by a majority vote of the district judges in the particular district and serve terms of eight years.

Referrals to the Magistrate Judge. The district judge assigned to your case may refer the case to a magistrate judge for specific purposes. Commonly, the referral will be for the magistrate judge to conduct the proceedings that occur before trial, such as resolving discovery disputes or presiding over settlement conferences. A referral may also be made for the magistrate judge to issue to the district judge a report and recommendation on how to resolve a motion, such as a motion to dismiss or a motion for summary judgment. The consent of the parties is not needed for the district judge to refer the case to the magistrate judge for these purposes. If the district judge has made such a referral, you can ask the district judge to review any magistrate judge's decision by filing an objection with the district judge within fourteen days of that decision. The district judge will rule on any timely objections that you file. If you do not file an objection, you will give up your right to challenge the magistrate judge's decision at a later time, including on appeal. See Rule 72 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

Consent to Proceed Before the Magistrate Judge. If you would like your case to move more quickly, it is helpful to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge for all purposes, including any trial. If you consent, the magistrate judge will perform the identical function that the district judge would have performed. Any trial in your case would be either a jury or a nonjury trial, depending upon whether there is a right to a jury trial and a proper request for such a trial. The only difference is that the magistrate judge – and not the district judge – would preside over that trial. Cases that proceed for all purposes before a magistrate judge generally move more quickly than cases before a district judge. If you consent to proceed before the magistrate judge, the district judge plays no further role in the case. Any appeal is taken directly to the Court of Appeals. It is your choice whether or not to consent to proceed before the magistrate judge, and all parties must consent or the case will not proceed before the magistrate judge.

A copy of the appropriate consent form is attached. Additional forms are also available from the Pro Se Intake Unit and on the Court's website.

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PRO SE INTAKE UNIT: 212-805-0175

Rev. 1/20/15